International Workshop on Alternatives to the Murine Histamine Sensitization Test (HIST) for Acellular Pertussis Vaccines: Progress and Challenges in the Replacement of HIST

Hotel Hilton Prague, Czech Republic August 24, 2014

Organized by:

NICEATM National Toxicology Program Interagency Center for the Evaluation of Alternative

Toxicological Methods

NC3Rs National Centre for the Replacement, Refinement and Reduction of Animals in

Research

ICCVAM Interagency Coordinating Committee on the Validation of Alternative Methods

EURL ECVAM European Union Reference Laboratory for Alternatives to Animal Testing

Health Canada

EDQM European Directorate for the Quality of Medicines and HealthCare

Sponsored by:

NC3Rs National Centre for the Replacement, Refinement and Reduction of Animals in

Research

Workshop Objectives

- 1. Discuss the implementation of *in vitro* assays as replacements for the murine histamine sensitization test (HIST) for acellular pertussis (aP) vaccines on the basis of the consistency approach (i.e., the efficient functioning of a Quality System since the product licensing, involving process and testing validation. This approach ensures that the licensed manufacturing produces batches that are consistent with those that fulfilled the criteria of quality, safety and efficacy defined for the batches included in the marketing authorization):
 - a. For licensed/registered products: Discuss the importance of Relevance of an *in vitro* assay to replace the HIST from the product profile of an aP vaccine The high-level element that, along with Reliability, is required to validate a method.
 - b. For new products: Discuss the requirements leading to the inclusion of one or more *in vitro* assays as replacements for the HIST in the product profile for licensing/registration.
- 2. Discuss the necessary framework for regulatory acceptance of a harmonized approach that uses *in vitro* assays instead of the HIST.
- 3. Discuss recent international efforts towards the development of *in vitro* assays to replace the HIST.

Draft Agenda

— Day 1 —

Sunday, August 24, 2014

0.20.0.45	
9:30-9:45	Welcoming Remarks, Announcements, and Introductions Juan Arciniega, DSc, Center for Biologics Evaluation and Research (CBER), U.S. FDA
	Katie Lidster, PhD, National Centre for the Replacement, Refinement and Reduction of Animals in Research (NC3Rs), United Kingdom
	Warren Casey, PhD, National Toxicology Program Interagency Center for the Evaluation of Alternative Toxicological Methods (NICEATM), NIH, USA
9:45-10:05	Prague, Pertussis, and Vaccines
	Roman Prymula, PhD, Czech Vaccinology Society, Czech Republic Peter Sebo, PhD, Czech Academy of Science, Institute of Microbiology, Czech Republic
10:05-10:25	The Road to Prague 2014
	Richard Isbrucker, PhD, Health Canada
10:25-11:45	Session 1 The Murine Histamine Sensitization Test (HIST)
	Co-chairs: Ute Rosskopf, PhD, World Health Organization, Switzerland Blaise Descampe, DVM, GlaxoSmithKline, Belgium
10:25-10:45	Introduction
10:45-11:45	Roundtable Discussion
11:45-12:45	Lunch
12:45-1:15	Animal Use for the HIST and the Impact of In Vitro Alternatives
	Coenraad Hendriksen, PhD, IntraVacc, Netherlands
4.47.4.20	Marieke Hoonakker, IntraVacc, Netherlands
1:15-1:30	Discussion
1:30-3:10	Session 2 In Vitro Assays as Replacements for HIST: Challenges to Regulatory Acceptance
1:30-3:10	
1:30-3:10 1:30-1:40	In Vitro Assays as Replacements for HIST: Challenges to Regulatory Acceptance Co-chairs: Sue Nelson, PhD, Sanofi Pasteur, Canada
	In Vitro Assays as Replacements for HIST: Challenges to Regulatory Acceptance Co-chairs: Sue Nelson, PhD, Sanofi Pasteur, Canada Richard Isbrucker, PhD, Health Canada
1:30-1:40	In Vitro Assays as Replacements for HIST: Challenges to Regulatory Acceptance Co-chairs: Sue Nelson, PhD, Sanofi Pasteur, Canada Richard Isbrucker, PhD, Health Canada Introduction

Juan Arciniega, DSc, Center for Biologics Evaluation and Research (CBER), U.S. FDA

Warren Casey, PhD, National Toxicology Program Interagency Center for the Evaluation of Alternative Toxicological Methods (NICEATM), NIH, USA

4:15 End of Meeting